

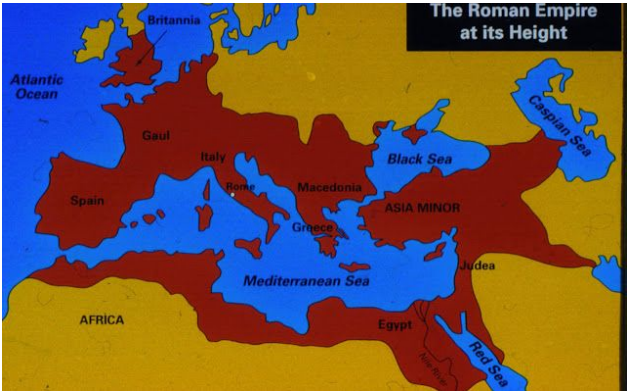
Unit: Where does English come from?		Subject focus: History		Year 4	Autumn 2
What did we learn before: Year 2- What makes us proud in our place?, Year 3- Who were the greatest builders?					
Key knowledge by subject		Key vocabulary			
HISTORY Romans Emperor Julius Caesar first tried to invade Britain in 54 BCE but he failed. Emperor Claudius invaded in 43 AD/CE The Roman army was very well organised with many legions. Legionnaires were very disciplined. They used this discipline and organisation to overpower the Celts and invade Britain. Romans are known for their amazing inventions including roads, hypocausts, underfloor heating, public baths and aqueducts. Boudicca was a queen of the British Celtic Iceni tribe who led an uprising against Roman occupied towns and cities. Scotland was known as Caledonia. The Picts were a group of tribes who had worked together in Caledonia to fight off the Romans	Anglo-Saxons Anglo-Saxons lived in small villages near rivers, forests and other important resources that gave them everything they needed to care for farm animals, grow crops and make things to sell Each of the Anglo-Saxon kingdoms was ruled by a king. Alfred the Great was the king of Wessex, he stopped the Vikings from taking his kingdom Some of our modern English words, such as the days of the week, come from the Anglo-Saxon language Most Anglo-Saxons were pagan until 597 when St Augustine introduced Christianity to Britain Vikings The Vikings began to invade Britain in 707 AD/CE and by 878AD/CE they had settled in the north and east of England- this land became known as Danelaw The Vikings spoke in a language called Norse and had their own alphabet call runes The Vikings were defeated by King Harold of England at the Battle of Stamford Bridge on 25th September 1066.	aqueduct	A system of pipes used to bring water to towns		
	BCE	Before common era			
	CE	Common era			
	Danelaw	The part of England ruled by the Vikings			
	emperor	The male ruler of an empire			
	hypocaust	Roman central heating			
	legion	A unit in the Roman army			
	legionairy	A soldier in a legion of the Roman army			
	Norse	The language spoken by the Vikings			
	runes	The Viking alphabet			
pagan	People who believe in more than one god				

Key knowledge (continued)

GEOGRAPHY

Romans

The Romans came from Italy and their empire covered parts of Europe, Africa and Asia.



The Romans created towns in Britain including Londinium (London,), Camulodunum (Colchester), Deva Victrix (Chester) and Verulamium (St Albans).



Anglo Saxons

Three tribes invaded and settled in England. The Angles, the Saxons, who both came from North Germany, and the Jutes, who came from Denmark.

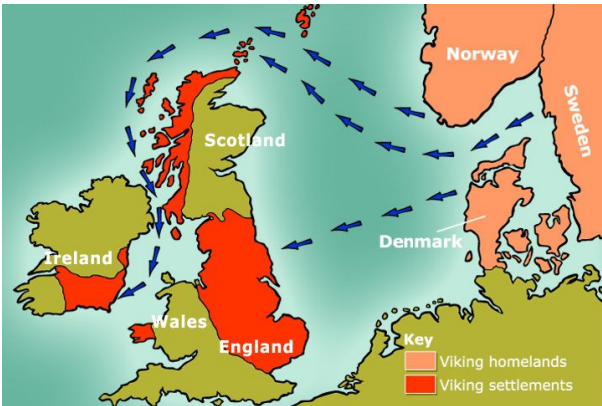


Anglo-Saxon Britain was made up of 5 kingdoms



Vikings

The Vikings came from 3 countries: Norway, Sweden and Denmark.



Key vocabulary

Celts	A group of people livi
empire	A group of people or places ruled by one person or government
kingdom	An area or country ruled by a king or queen
Londinium	The Roman name for London
tribe	A social group of people and/or families who have the same beliefs and often live together